

A SERIES OF MFS[®] VARIABLE INSURANCE TRUSTSM

MFS[®] Research Series

NOT FDIC INSURED
NOT A DEPOSIT

MAY LOSE VALUE
NOT INSURED BY ANY FEDERAL GOVERNMENT AGENCY

NO BANK GUARANTEE

MFS® PRIVACY POLICY: A COMMITMENT TO YOU

Privacy is a concern for every investor today. At MFS Investment Management® and the MFS funds, we take this concern very seriously. We want you to understand our policies about every MFS investment product and service that we offer and how we protect the nonpublic personal information of investors who have a direct relationship with us and our wholly owned subsidiaries.

Throughout our business relationship, you provide us with personal information; we maintain information and records about you, your investments, and the services you use. Examples of the nonpublic personal information we maintain include

- data from investment applications and other forms
- share balances and transactional history with us, our affiliates, or others
- facts from a consumer reporting agency

We do not disclose any nonpublic personal information about our customers or former customers to anyone except as permitted by law. We may share information with companies or financial institutions that perform marketing services on our behalf or to other financial institutions with which we have joint marketing arrangements.

Access to your nonpublic personal information is limited to appropriate personnel who provide products, services, or information to you. We maintain physical, electronic, and procedural safeguards that comply with applicable federal regulations.

If you have any questions about MFS' privacy policy, please call 1-800-225-2606 any business day between 8 a.m. and 8 p.m. Eastern time.

Note: If you own MFS products or receive MFS services in the name of a third party such as a bank or broker-dealer, their privacy policy may apply to you instead of ours.

MFS® Research Series

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The following tables present certain information regarding the Trustees and officers of MFS Variable Insurance Trust, including their principal occupations, which, unless specific dates are shown, are of more than five years' duration, although the titles may not have been the same throughout.

Name, Age, Position with the Trust, Principal Occupation, and Other Directorships⁽¹⁾

Interested Trustees

John W. Ballen⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾ (born 09/12/59) Trustee and President
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer and Director

Robert J. Manning⁽²⁾⁽⁸⁾ (born 10/20/63) Trustee and President
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Investment Officer and Director

Kevin R. Parke⁽²⁾⁽⁵⁾ (born 12/14/59) Trustee
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, President, Chief Investment Officer, and Director

Robert C. Pozen⁽²⁾⁽⁸⁾ (born 08/08/46) Trustee
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chairman (since February 2004); Harvard Law School (education), John Olin Visiting Professor (since July 2002); Secretary of Economic Affairs, The Commonwealth of Massachusetts (January 2002 to December 2002); Fidelity Investments, Vice Chairman (June 2000 to December 2001); Fidelity Management & Research Company (investment adviser), President (March 1997 to July 2001); The Bank of New York (financial services), Director; Bell Canada Enterprises (telecommunications), Director; Telesat (satellite communications), Director

Jeffrey L. Shames⁽²⁾⁽⁷⁾ (born 06/02/55) Trustee
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chairman

Independent Trustees

J. Atwood Ives (born 05/01/36) Co-Chairman
Private investor; KeySpan Corporation (energy related services), Director; Eastern Enterprises (diversified services company), Chairman, Trustee and Chief Executive Officer (until November 2000)

Ward Smith (born 09/13/30) Co-Chairman
Private investor

Lawrence H. Cohn, M.D. (born 03/11/37) Trustee
Brigham and Women's Hospital, Chief of Cardiac Surgery; Harvard Medical School, Professor of Surgery

Officers

John W. Ballen⁽⁵⁾ (born 09/12/59) Trustee and President
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer and Director

James R. Bordewick, Jr. (born 03/06/59) Assistant Secretary and Assistant Clerk
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President and Associate General Counsel

Stephen E. Cavan (born 11/06/53) Secretary and Clerk
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President, General Counsel and Secretary

Stephanie A. DeSisto (born 10/01/53) Assistant Treasurer
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President (since April 2003); Brown Brothers Harriman & Co., Senior Vice President (November 2002 to April 2003); ING Groep N.V./Aeltus Investment Management, Senior Vice President (prior to November 2002)

David H. Gunning⁽⁴⁾ (born 05/30/42) Trustee
Cleveland-Cliffs Inc. (mining products and service provider), Vice Chairman/Director (since April 2001); Encinitos Ventures (private investment company), Principal (1997 to April 2001); Lincoln Electric Holdings, Inc. (welding equipment manufacturer), Director; Southwest Gas Corporation (natural gas distribution company), Director

William R. Gutow (born 09/27/41) Trustee
Private investor and real estate consultant; Capitol Entertainment Management Company (video franchise), Vice Chairman

Amy B. Lane⁽⁴⁾ (born 02/08/53) Trustee
Retired; Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc., Managing Director, Investment Banking Group (1997 to February 2001); Borders Group, Inc. (book and music retailer), Director; Federal Realty Investment Trust (real estate investment trust), Trustee

Abby M. O'Neill⁽³⁾ (born 04/27/28) Trustee
Private investor; Rockefeller Financial Services, Inc. (investment advisers), Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Lawrence T. Perera (born 06/23/35) Trustee
Hemenway & Barnes (attorneys), Partner

William J. Poorvu (born 04/10/35) Trustee
Private investor; Harvard University Graduate School of Business Administration, Class of 1961 Adjunct Professor in Entrepreneurship Emeritus; CBL & Associates Properties, Inc. (real estate investment trust), Director

J. Dale Sherratt (born 09/23/38) Trustee
Insight Resources, Inc. (acquisition planning specialists), President; Wellfleet Investments (investor in health care companies), Managing General Partner (since 1993); Cambridge Nutraceuticals (professional nutritional products), Chief Executive Officer (until May 2001)

Elaine R. Smith (born 04/25/46) Trustee
Independent health care industry consultant

Robert R. Flaherty (born 09/18/63) Assistant Treasurer
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President (since August 2000); UAM Fund Services, Senior Vice President (prior to August 2000)

Richard M. Hisey (born 08/29/58) Treasurer
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President (since July 2002); The Bank of New York, Senior Vice President (September 2000 to July 2002); Lexington Global Asset Managers, Inc., Executive Vice President and Chief Financial Officer (prior to September 2000); Lexington Funds, Treasurer (prior to September 2002)

Robert J. Manning⁽⁶⁾ (born 10/20/63) President
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Chief Executive Officer, President, Chief Investment Officer and Director

Ellen Moynihan (born 11/13/57) Assistant Treasurer
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Vice President

James O. Yost (born 06/12/60) Assistant Treasurer
Massachusetts Financial Services Company, Senior Vice President

- (1) Directorships or trusteeships of companies required to report to the Securities and Exchange Commission (i.e., "public companies").
- (2) "Interested person" of MFS within the meaning of the Investment Company Act of 1940 (referred to as the 1940 Act) which is the principal federal law governing investment companies like the Trust. The address of MFS is 500 Boylston Street, Boston, Massachusetts 02116.
- (3) Retired December 31, 2003.
- (4) Appointed Trustee on January 27, 2004.
- (5) Resigned February 6, 2004.
- (6) Appointed President on February 6, 2004.
- (7) Resigned February 13, 2004.
- (8) Appointed Trustee on February 24, 2004.

The Trust does not hold annual shareholder meetings for the purpose of electing Trustees, and Trustees are not elected for fixed terms. This means that each Trustee will be elected to hold office until his or her successor is chosen and qualified or until his or her earlier death, resignation, retirement or removal. Each officer will hold office until his or her successor is chosen and qualified, or until he or she retires, resigns or is removed from office.

Mr. Shames has served as Trustee of the Trust continuously since originally appointed until February 13, 2004. Mr. Gutow has served as Trustee of the Trust continuously since originally elected. Messrs. Cohn, Ives, Perera, Poorvu, Sherratt and Smith, and Ms. Smith were elected by shareholders and have served as Trustees of the Trust since January 1, 2002. Mr. Ballen was elected by shareholders and served as a Trustee from January 1, 2002 until February 6, 2004 and Mr. Parke served as a Trustee of the Trust from January 1, 2002 until February 6, 2004. Mr. Gunning and Ms. Lane have served as Trustees since January 27, 2004. Messrs. Manning and Pozen have served as Trustees since February 24, 2004.

Each of the Trust's Trustees and officers holds comparable positions with certain other funds of which MFS or a subsidiary is the investment adviser or distributor and, in the case of the officers, with certain affiliates of MFS. Each Trustee serves as a board member of 109 funds within the MFS Family of Funds.

The Statement of Additional Information contains further information about the Trustees and is available without charge upon request, by calling 1-800-225-2606.

Investment Adviser

Massachusetts Financial Services Company
500 Boylston Street
Boston, MA 02116-3741

Distributor

MFS Fund Distributors, Inc.
500 Boylston Street
Boston, MA 02116-3741

Director of Global Equity Research

David A. Antonelli†

Custodians

State Street Bank and Trust Company
225 Franklin Street, Boston, MA 02110

JP Morgan Chase Bank
One Chase Manhattan Plaza
New York, NY 10081

Auditors

Deloitte & Touche LLP
200 Berkeley Street, Boston, MA 02116

Investor Information

For information on MFS mutual funds, call your investment professional or, for an information kit, call toll free: 1-800-637-2929 any business day from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Eastern time (or leave a message anytime).

A general description of the MFS Funds proxy voting policies is available without charge, upon request, by calling 1-800-225-2606, by visiting the About MFS section of mfs.com or by visiting the SEC's website at <http://www.sec.gov>.

Investor Service

MFS Service Center, Inc.
P.O. Box 2281
Boston, MA 02107-9906

For general information, call toll free:
1-800-225-2606 any business day from 8 a.m. to 8 p.m. Eastern time.

For service to speech- or hearing-impaired individuals, call toll free: 1-800-637-6576 any business day from 9 a.m. to 5 p.m. Eastern time. (To use this service, your phone must be equipped with a Telecommunications Device for the Deaf).

For share prices, account balances, exchanges or stock and bond outlooks, call toll free: 1-800-MFS-TALK (1-800-637-8255) anytime from a touch-tone telephone.

World Wide Web

mfs.com

†MFS Investment Management

Letter from the Chairman

Dear Contract Owners,

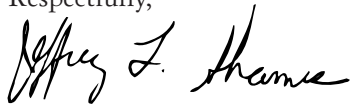
In our view, the past year has been a promising one for investors. Financial markets have improved steadily, spurred by indications of a global economic recovery.

These developments make this an encouraging time for our contract owners. But we also think it's a time to reinforce the fundamentals of a sound investment strategy.

At MFS, we think in any market environment the best approach for investors is disciplined diversification. This method of investing involves three simple steps. First, *allocate* your holdings across the major asset classes. Second, *diversify* within each class so that you get exposure to different investment styles, such as growth and value, and market sectors, such as government and corporate bonds. Finally, to respond to the way market activity can shift the value of your accounts, *rebalance* your accounts on a routine schedule, such as once per year. Doing so will help you maintain your desired allocation across each asset class.

These investing fundamentals are often lost when markets are on an upswing. At such times, it's easy to be tempted to shift your holdings into the current, "hottest" performing investment. History suggests, however, that it is difficult to predict year after year what the best performing sector or market will be. While it is true that the past cannot offer any guarantees for the future, the markets historically have demonstrated the benefits of taking the prudent approach and spreading your assets across a variety of holdings. For investors with long-term goals such as college or retirement, a balanced approach usually makes the most sense. As always, your investment professional can help you identify an appropriate mix of investments for your needs.

Respectfully,



Jeffrey L. Shames

Chairman

MFS Investment Management®

January 16, 2004

The opinions expressed in this letter are those of MFS, and no forecasts can be guaranteed.

Note to Contract Owners: On February 13, 2004, Jeffrey L. Shames retired as Chairman of MFS. Robert Pozen was named as his successor. Also, on February 24, 2004, Robert J. Manning was appointed MFS Chief Executive Officer, President, and Chief Investment Officer.

Management Review

Dear Contract Owners,

For the 12 months ended December 31, 2003, the series' Initial Class shares provided a total return of 24.71%, and Service Class shares returned 24.37%. These returns, which include the reinvestment of any dividends and capital gains distributions, compare with a return of 28.67% over the same period for the series' benchmark, the Standard & Poor's 500 Stock Index (S&P 500). The S&P 500 is a commonly used measure of the broad stock market.

Market environment

In the early months of 2003, investors were battered by economic and geopolitical uncertainty. By year-end, however, investors were celebrating 2003 as the first positive year for global markets since 1999. The turnaround in global stock markets began in March and April of 2003, when it became apparent that the U.S.- and British-led coalition was on the verge of military success in Iraq. The release of increasingly positive economic numbers as 2003 progressed, particularly in the corporate earnings area, helped drive the ensuing equity rally. In addition, investor concern over issues that had held back the market in the first quarter — including the Iraq situation, a short-lived SARS epidemic, and corporate misdeeds — largely faded as the year progressed.

In the equity markets, the big surprise of 2003 was investors' appetite for risk. After a brutal three-year market decline, many observers — including MFS — believed investors would avoid risky investments. Instead, we experienced an equity rally led by relatively low-quality, higher-risk stocks — stocks of companies with substantial debt on their balance sheets, low profit margins, and/or second- and third-tier competitive positioning. For much of 2003, investors seemed to favor the stocks that had previously fallen the hardest, rather than bidding up industry leaders that had weathered the global downturn relatively well. Toward the end of the year, however, we felt the market was beginning to rotate toward less risky companies with stronger fundamentals (business factors such as earnings and cash flow growth).

Detractors from performance

The portfolio's performance relative to its S&P 500 benchmark was hurt more by differences in sector allocation than by individual stock selection.

Our underweighting in technology stocks, particularly chip maker Intel, relative to the S&P 500, hurt relative performance. We maintained an underweighted position because our analysts felt, and continued to feel at the end of the period, that technology valuations in general were a bit high and that few stocks in the sector had compelling fundamentals (business factors such as earnings and cash flow growth).

The portfolio's cash position also detracted from relative performance. As with nearly all annuity subaccounts, this series holds some cash to buy new holdings and to cover investor exchanges or redemptions. In a period when equity markets rose sharply, cash hurt performance against our benchmark, the S&P 500, which has no cash position.

Individual stock holdings also impacted performance. Schering Plough's stock price declined sharply because of announcements of lower earnings, investigations of past pricing and shareholder reporting practices, and marketing difficulties with its prescription allergy drug Clarinex. These factors are offset, in our opinion, by the strength of the company's pipeline of new drugs.

Discount retailer Kohls' suffered from softness in the discount retail sector later in the year, while computer service outsourcer Automatic Data Processing suffered a decline in its share price based on continued softness in business spending. ADP was subsequently sold out of the portfolio.

Key contributors to performance

Health care and consumer staples were the two strongest-performing sectors for the series relative to our benchmark, but overall, stock selection was the lead factor behind the portfolio's returns.

Holdings from the healthcare sector, such as biotechnology companies Genentech and Genzyme, performed well for the period. Genentech stock rose significantly on unexpectedly positive data from a drug in its pipeline and approval of several new drugs. Likewise, shares of Genzyme rose when it became apparent

Management Review – continued

that the company would be introducing two enzyme replacement therapies for the treatment of certain genetic disorders. We sold our Genentech holdings during the period and took some profits.

Discount retail giant Wal-Mart Inc., data storage software supplier VERITAS Software Corp., oil and mining concern BHP Billiton PLC, and consumer products giant Philip Morris all contributed to the series' strong performance. We subsequently sold our positions in Wal-Mart and VERITAS after these stocks reached our price targets. In the health care sector, our avoidance of Merck & Co. added to the series' performance relative to its benchmark.

The portfolio was also a participant in a suit against Cendant related to alleged accounting fraud that was uncovered in 1998, after Cendant was formed by the merger of HFS and CUC International. The portfolio had owned HFS and CUC, and then Cendant, during the merger period. Along with other participants in the lawsuit, the portfolio had suffered losses on Cendant stock in 1998. A cash settlement from this class-action lawsuit contributed to performance over the period.

Respectfully,



David A. Antonelli
Director of Global Equity Research

The committee of MFS research analysts is responsible for the day-to-day management of the series under the general supervision of Mr. Antonelli.

The opinions expressed in this report are those of the Director of Global Equity Research and are current only through the end of the period of the report as stated on the cover. These views are subject to change at any time based on market and other conditions, and no forecasts can be guaranteed.

The portfolio is actively managed, and current holdings may be different.

Portfolio Manager's Profile

David A. Antonelli is Senior Vice President and Director of Global Equity Research of MFS Investment Management® (MFS®). He is responsible for the hiring, training, and industry assignments of a team comprising more than 40 U.S. and non-U.S. equity research analysts. He also oversees the research process for the MFS equity research analyst teams and will also continue to serve as portfolio manager of MFS® International New Discovery Fund. David joined MFS in 1991 as a research analyst following foreign stocks, with a concentration in continental Europe. He was named Vice President in 1995, portfolio manager in 1997, and Senior Vice President, Director of International Equity Research in 1999, and Director of Global Equity Research in March 2002. David is a graduate of Pennsylvania State University and the Wharton School of the University of Pennsylvania.

All equity portfolio managers are promoted from within the company. Our portfolio managers are supported by an investment staff of over 160 professionals utilizing MFS Original Research®, a global, company-oriented, bottom-up process of selecting securities.

This report is prepared for the general information of contract owners. It is authorized for distribution to prospective investors only when preceded or accompanied by a current prospectus.

Series Facts

Objective: Seeks long-term growth of capital and future income.

Commencement of investment operations: July 26, 1995

Class inception: Initial Class July 26, 1995

Service Class May 1, 2000

Size: \$359.2 million net assets as of December 31, 2003

Performance Summary

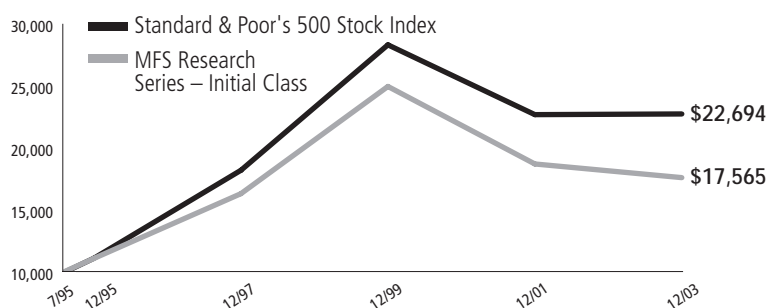
The information below illustrates the historical performance of the series in comparison to its benchmark. Benchmark comparisons are unmanaged and do not reflect any fees or expenses. The performance of other share classes will be greater than or less than the line shown. It is not possible to invest directly in an index. (See Notes to Performance Summary.)

For the most recent month-end performance results net of fees and charges imposed by insurance company separate accounts, contact the variable products' issuing insurance company. Market volatility can significantly affect short-term performance, and current performance may be lower or higher than the performance data quoted.

The performance data quoted represents past performance which is no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value will fluctuate, and units, when redeemed, may be worth more or less than their original cost. The performance shown above does not reflect the deduction of taxes, if any, that a contract owner would pay on distributions or the redemption of contract units.

Growth of a Hypothetical \$10,000 Investment

(For the period from the commencement of the series' investment operations, July 26, 1995, through December 31, 2003. Index information is from August 1, 1995.)



Performance Summary – continued

Total Rates of Return through December 31, 2003

Initial Class

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Life*
Cumulative Total Return	+24.71%	–25.89%	–12.53%	+75.65%
Average Annual Total Return	+24.71%	–9.50%	–2.64%	+6.91%

Service Class

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Life*
Cumulative Total Return	+24.37%	–26.40%	–13.25%	+74.20%
Average Annual Total Return	+24.37%	–9.71%	–2.80%	+6.80%

Comparative Benchmark‡

	1 Year	3 Years	5 Years	Life*
Standard & Poor's 500 Stock Index#	+28.67%	–4.05%	–0.57%	+10.23%

*For the period from the commencement of the series' investment operations, July 26, 1995, through December 31, 2003. Index information is from August 1, 1995.

‡Average annual rates of return.

#Source: Standard & Poor's Micropal, Inc.

Notes to Performance Summary

A portion of the returns shown is attributable to the receipt of a non-recurring payment in settlement of a class action lawsuit. See Notes to Financial Statements.

Initial Class and Service Class shares have no sales charge; however, Service Class shares carry a 0.25% annual Rule 12b-1 fee. Service Class share performance includes the performance of the series' Initial Class shares for periods prior to the inception of Service Class shares (blended performance). These blended performance figures have not been adjusted to take into account differences in the class-specific operating expenses (such as Rule 12b-1 fees). Because operating expenses of Service Class shares are higher than those of Initial Class shares, the blended Service Class share performance shown is higher than it would have been had Service Class shares been offered for the entire period.

The returns for the series shown do not reflect the deduction of expenses associated with variable products, such as mortality and expense risk charges, separate account charges, and sales charges imposed by insurance company separate accounts. Such expenses would reduce the overall returns shown.

Performance results reflect any applicable expense subsidies and waivers in effect during the periods shown. Without such subsidies and waivers, the results would have been less favorable. Please see the prospectus and financial statements for details.

Key Risk Considerations

Investments in foreign and/or emerging market securities involves risks relating to interest rates, currency exchange rates, economic, and political conditions.

These risks may increase unit price volatility. Please see the prospectus for further information on these and other risk considerations.

Portfolio of Investments – December 31, 2003

Stocks – 96.6%

Issuer	Shares	Value
<i>U.S. Stocks – 85.8%</i>		
<i>Aerospace – 1.4%</i>		
Lockheed Martin Corp.	95,500	\$ 4,908,700
<i>Airlines – 0.9%</i>		
Southwest Airlines Co.	194,500	\$ 3,139,230
<i>Apparel Manufacturers – 0.5%</i>		
Reebok International Ltd.	41,800	\$ 1,643,576
<i>Banks & Credit Companies – 11.3%</i>		
American Express Co.	134,800	\$ 6,501,404
Bank of America Corp.	84,980	6,834,941
Bank One Corp.	78,900	3,597,051
Citigroup, Inc.	219,088	10,634,532
Freddie Mac	79,600	4,642,272
Investors Financial Services Corp.^	13,900	533,899
Mellon Financial Corp.	160,980	5,169,068
TCF Financial Corp.^	50,740	2,605,499
		\$ 40,518,666
<i>Biotechnology – 1.5%</i>		
Genzyme Corp.*	74,700	\$ 3,685,698
Gilead Sciences, Inc.*	28,800	1,674,432
		\$ 5,360,130
<i>Broadcast & Cable TV – 3.4%</i>		
Clear Channel Communications, Inc.	120,060	\$ 5,622,410
Comcast Corp., "A"*	142,600	4,687,262
Cumulus Media, Inc., "A"*^	88,200	1,940,400
		\$ 12,250,072
<i>Brokerage & Asset Managers – 5.5%</i>		
Franklin Resources, Inc.	116,830	\$ 6,082,170
Janus Capital Group, Inc.	181,400	2,976,774
Lehman Brothers Holdings, Inc.	47,330	3,654,823
Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc.	118,050	6,923,632
		\$ 19,637,399
<i>Business Services – 1.8%</i>		
Getty Images, Inc.*	90,420	\$ 4,532,754
Monster Worldwide, Inc.*	87,300	1,917,108
		\$ 6,449,862
<i>Chemicals – 2.6%</i>		
Air Products & Chemicals, Inc.	67,680	\$ 3,575,534
Dow Chemical Co.	86,370	3,590,401
Lyondell Chemical Co.^	125,070	2,119,937
		\$ 9,285,872
<i>Computer Software – 4.7%</i>		
Akamai Technologies, Inc.*^	132,700	\$ 1,426,525
Microsoft Corp.	391,000	10,768,140
Netscreen Technologies, Inc.*	132,200	3,271,950
Networks Associates, Inc.*	104,820	1,576,493
		\$ 17,043,108

Portfolio of Investments – continued

Stocks – continued

Issuer	Shares	Value
<i>U.S. Stocks – continued</i>		
<i>Computer Software – Systems – 1.6%</i>		
Hewlett-Packard Co.	140,900	\$ 3,236,473
IBM Corp.	26,320	2,439,337
		<u>\$ 5,675,810</u>
<i>Consumer Goods & Services – 4.5%</i>		
Colgate-Palmolive Co.	77,200	\$ 3,863,860
Kimberly-Clark Corp.	55,150	3,258,813
Newell Rubbermaid, Inc.	163,010	3,711,738
Procter & Gamble Co.	53,160	5,309,621
		<u>\$ 16,144,032</u>
<i>Consumer Services – 0.8%</i>		
Corinthian Colleges, Inc.*^	52,300	\$ 2,905,788
<i>Containers – 1.1%</i>		
Smurfit-Stone Container Corp.*	210,750	\$ 3,913,627
<i>Electrical Equipment – 3.1%</i>		
General Electric Co.	125,800	\$ 3,897,284
Tyco International Ltd.	269,470	7,140,955
		<u>\$ 11,038,239</u>
<i>Electronics – 2.4%</i>		
Agere Systems, Inc., "B"*	1,109,000	\$ 3,216,100
Intel Corp.	102,100	3,287,620
Novellus Systems, Inc.*	48,900	2,056,245
		<u>\$ 8,559,965</u>
<i>Energy – Independent – 0.5%</i>		
Unocal Corp.	51,800	\$ 1,907,794
<i>Energy – Integrated – 0.9%</i>		
Amerada-Hess Corp.	10,100	\$ 537,017
ExxonMobil Corp.	61,920	2,538,720
		<u>\$ 3,075,737</u>
<i>Entertainment – 1.0%</i>		
Viacom, Inc., "B"	85,341	\$ 3,787,433
<i>Food & Drug Stores – 0.5%</i>		
CVS Corp.	23,400	\$ 845,208
Rite Aid Corp.*^	152,700	922,308
		<u>\$ 1,767,516</u>
<i>Food & Non Alcoholic Beverages – 1.4%</i>		
PepsiCo, Inc.	107,680	\$ 5,020,042
<i>Forest & Paper Products – 0.9%</i>		
Boise Cascade Corp.^	69,500	\$ 2,283,770
Bowater, Inc.	21,320	987,329
		<u>\$ 3,271,099</u>
<i>Gaming & Lodging – 0.5%</i>		
Hilton Hotels Corp.	101,420	\$ 1,737,325

Portfolio of Investments – continued

Stocks – continued

Issuer	Shares	Value
<i>U.S. Stocks – continued</i>		
<i>General Merchandise – 3.4%</i>		
Kohl's Corp.*	159,220	\$ 7,155,347
Target Corp.	131,080	5,033,472
		<u>\$ 12,188,819</u>
<i>Insurance – 1.0%</i>		
American International Group, Inc.	54,250	\$ 3,595,690
<i>Internet – 2.1%</i>		
Ebay, Inc.*	59,800	\$ 3,862,482
InterActive Corp.*^	103,970	3,527,702
		<u>\$ 7,390,184</u>
<i>Machinery & Tools – 0.4%</i>		
Eaton Corp.	14,600	\$ 1,576,508
<i>Medical & Health Technology & Services – 2.4%</i>		
Caremark Rx, Inc.*	74,900	\$ 1,897,217
Fisher Scientific International, Inc.*	42,710	1,766,913
Tenet Healthcare Corp.*	301,580	4,840,359
		<u>\$ 8,504,489</u>
<i>Medical Equipment – 3.9%</i>		
AmerisourceBergen Corp.	26,130	\$ 1,467,199
Applera Corp.	67,540	1,398,753
Baxter International, Inc.	108,630	3,315,388
Guidant Corp.	94,970	5,717,194
Millipore Corp.*	22,070	950,114
Thermo Electron Corp.*	53,400	1,345,680
		<u>\$ 14,194,328</u>
<i>Oil Services – 2.2%</i>		
GlobalSantaFe Corp.	134,628	\$ 3,342,813
Halliburton Co.	104,030	2,704,780
Noble Corp.**	47,610	1,703,486
		<u>\$ 7,751,079</u>
<i>Pharmaceuticals – 4.9%</i>		
Johnson & Johnson Co.	189,570	\$ 9,793,186
Schering Plough Corp.	294,450	5,120,486
Wyeth	66,000	2,801,700
		<u>\$ 17,715,372</u>
<i>Printing & Publishing – 0.8%</i>		
Lamar Advertising Co., "A"*	81,080	\$ 3,025,906
<i>Railroad & Shipping – 1.3%</i>		
Union Pacific Corp.	65,040	\$ 4,518,979
<i>Specialty Stores – 1.3%</i>		
Home Depot, Inc.	92,440	\$ 3,280,696
Hot Topic, Inc.*^	44,200	1,302,132
		<u>\$ 4,582,828</u>
<i>Telecommunications – Wireline – 1.9%</i>		
ADTRAN, Inc.^	54,600	\$ 1,692,600
Cisco Systems, Inc.*	208,540	5,065,436
		<u>\$ 6,758,036</u>

Portfolio of Investments – continued

Stocks – continued

Issuer	Shares	Value
<i>U.S. Stocks – continued</i>		
<i>Telephone Services – 1.4%</i>		
Cincinnati Bell, Inc.*^	177,610	\$ 896,930
Verizon Communications, Inc.	120,220	4,217,318
		<u>\$ 5,114,248</u>
<i>Tobacco – 2.0%</i>		
Altria Group, Inc.	135,410	\$ 7,369,012
<i>Utilities – Electric Power – 2.2%</i>		
Calpine Corp.*	158,900	\$ 764,309
Dominion Resources, Inc.	26,890	1,716,389
Exelon Corp.	22,100	1,466,556
FirstEnergy Corp.	66,370	2,336,224
PPL Corp.	41,500	1,815,625
		<u>\$ 8,099,103</u>
<i>Wireless Communications – 1.8%</i>		
AT&T Wireless Services, Inc.*	384,890	\$ 3,075,271
Sprint Corp. (PCS Group)*	629,100	3,535,542
		<u>\$ 6,610,813</u>
<i>Total U.S. Stocks</i>		<u>\$308,036,416</u>
<i>Foreign Stocks – 10.8%</i>		
<i>Bermuda – 2.3%</i>		
Ace Ltd. (Insurance)	90,020	\$ 3,728,628
Marvell Technology Group Ltd. (Electronics)*^	45,200	1,714,436
XL Capital Ltd., “A” (Insurance)^	34,000	2,636,700
		<u>\$ 8,079,764</u>
<i>Canada – 1.8%</i>		
Magna International, Inc., “A” (Automotive)	21,640	\$ 1,732,282
Nortel Networks Corp. (Telecommunications – Wireline)*	655,070	2,770,946
Talisman Energy, Inc. (Energy – Independent)	36,760	2,091,226
		<u>\$ 6,594,454</u>
<i>Cayman Islands – 0.5%</i>		
Transocean Sedco Forex, Inc. (Oil Services)*	80,800	\$ 1,940,008
<i>Netherlands – 1.2%</i>		
STMicroelectronics N.V. (Electronics)^	153,660	\$ 4,150,357
<i>Singapore – 0.5%</i>		
Flextronics International Ltd. (Personal Computers & Peripherals)*	114,800	\$ 1,703,632
<i>Switzerland – 0.3%</i>		
Alcon, Inc. (Medical Equipment)	19,500	\$ 1,180,530
<i>United Kingdom – 4.2%</i>		
Amdocs Ltd. (Computer Software)*^	248,980	\$ 5,597,071
BHP Billiton PLC (Metals & Mining)	405,470	3,532,069
BP Amoco PLC (Energy – Integrated)*	627,500	5,074,142
Diageo PLC (Alcoholic Beverages)*	76,060	997,917
		<u>\$ 15,201,199</u>
<i>Total Foreign Stocks</i>		<u>\$ 38,849,944</u>
<i>Total Stocks (Identified Cost, \$325,314,441)</i>		<u>\$346,886,360</u>

Portfolio of Investments – continued

Convertible Preferred Stock – 0.1%

Issuer	Shares	Value
<i>U.S. Stocks – 0.1%</i>		
<i>Energy – Integrated – 0.1%</i>		
Amerada-Hess Corp.* (Identified Cost, \$236,000)	4,720	\$ 258,892

Repurchase Agreement – 3.8%

	Principal Amount (000 Omitted)	
Merrill Lynch & Co., Inc., dated 12/31/03, due 01/02/04, total to be received \$13,551,715 (secured by various U.S. Treasury and Federal Agency obligations in a jointly traded account), <i>at Cost</i>	\$13,551	\$ 13,551,000

Collateral for Securities Loaned – 5.5%

	Shares	
Navigator Securities Lending Prime Portfolio	19,901,944	\$ 19,901,944
<i>Total Investments (Identified Cost, \$359,003,385)</i>		\$380,598,196
<i>Other Assets, Less Liabilities – (6.0)%</i>		(21,441,789)
<i>Net Assets – 100.0%</i>		\$359,156,407

*Non-income producing security.

^All or a portion of this security is on loan.

See notes to financial statements.

Financial Statements

Statement of Assets and Liabilities

December 31, 2003

Assets:

Investments, at value including \$19,421,433 of securities on loan (identified cost, \$359,003,385)	\$380,598,196
Cash	10,867
Receivable for investments sold	4,103,834
Receivable for series shares sold	132,855
Interest and dividends receivable	432,413
Total assets	<u>\$385,278,165</u>

Liabilities:

Payable for investments purchased	\$ 5,692,433
Payable for series shares reacquired	418,986
Collateral for securities loaned, at value	19,901,944
Payable to affiliates –	
Management fee	7,353
Shareholder servicing costs	359
Distribution fee	87
Accrued expenses and other liabilities	100,596
Total liabilities	<u>\$ 26,121,758</u>

Net assets \$359,156,407

Net assets consist of:

Paid-in capital	\$696,853,880
Unrealized appreciation on investments and translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currencies	21,596,897
Accumulated net realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions	(363,082,431)
Accumulated undistributed net investment income	3,788,061
Total	<u>\$359,156,407</u>

Shares of beneficial interest outstanding 26,911,819

Initial Class shares:

<i>Net asset value, offering price, and redemption price per share</i> (net assets of \$352,463,856 ÷ 26,408,598 shares of beneficial interest outstanding)	<u>\$13.35</u>
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Service Class shares:

<i>Net asset value, offering price, and redemption price per share</i> (net assets of \$6,692,551 ÷ 503,221 shares of beneficial interest outstanding)	<u>\$13.30</u>
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See notes to financial statements.

Financial Statements – continued

Statement of Operations

Year Ended December 31, 2003

Net investment income:

Income –	
Dividends	\$ 7,751,410
Interest	129,423
Foreign taxes withheld	(57,926)
Total investment income	<u>\$ 7,822,907</u>
Expenses –	
Management fee	\$ 3,433,883
Trustees' compensation	10,411
Shareholder servicing costs	161,083
Distribution fee (Service Class)	13,511
Administrative fee	46,080
Custodian fee	170,249
Printing	148,547
Postage	104
Auditing fees	35,640
Legal fees	2,816
Miscellaneous	31,580
Total expenses	<u>\$ 4,053,904</u>
Fees paid indirectly	(17,956)
Net expenses	<u>\$ 4,035,948</u>
Net investment income	<u>\$ 3,786,959</u>

Realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments:

Realized gain (identified cost basis) –	
Investment transactions*	\$10,441,066
Foreign currency transactions	1,293
Net realized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions	<u>\$10,442,359</u>
Change in unrealized appreciation (depreciation) –	
Investments	\$79,613,413
Translation of assets and liabilities in foreign currency	(3,267)
Net unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency translation	<u>\$79,610,146</u>
Net realized and unrealized gain on investments and foreign currency	<u>\$90,052,505</u>
Increase in net assets from operations	<u>\$93,839,464</u>

*Includes proceeds received from a non-recurring cash settlement in the amount of \$1,004,351 from a class-action lawsuit against Cendant Corporation.

See notes to financial statements.

Financial Statements – continued

Statement of Changes in Net Assets

Year Ended December 31,	2003	2002
<i>Increase (decrease) in net assets:</i>		
From operations –		
Net investment income	\$ 3,786,959	\$ 3,361,903
Net realized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency transactions	10,442,359	(159,269,074)
Net unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency translation	79,610,146	(33,222,340)
Increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	<u>\$ 93,839,464</u>	<u>\$(189,129,511)</u>
Distributions declared to shareholders –		
From net investment income (Initial Class)	\$ (3,318,731)	\$ (1,784,577)
From net investment income (Service Class)	(24,750)	(7,129)
Total distributions declared to shareholders	<u>\$ (3,343,481)</u>	<u>\$ (1,791,706)</u>
Net decrease in net assets from series share transactions	<u>\$(226,467,787)</u>	<u>\$(130,440,854)</u>
Total decrease in net assets	<u>\$(135,971,804)</u>	<u>\$(321,362,071)</u>
<i>Net assets:</i>		
At beginning of period	<u>495,128,211</u>	<u>816,490,282</u>
At end of period (including accumulated undistributed net investment income of \$3,788,061 and \$3,343,290, respectively)	<u>\$ 359,156,407</u>	<u>\$ 495,128,211</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Financial Statements – continued

Financial Highlights

The financial highlights table is intended to help you understand the series' financial performance for the past 5 years (or, if shorter, the period of the series' operations). Certain information reflects financial results for a single series share. The total returns in the table represent the rate by which an investor would have earned (or lost) on an investment in the series (assuming reinvestment of all distributions) held for the entire period. This information has been audited by the series' independent auditors, whose report, together with the series' financial statements, are included in this report.

Initial Class shares	Year Ended December 31,				
	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
<i>Per share data (for a share outstanding throughout each period):</i>					
Net asset value – beginning of period	\$10.78	\$14.32	\$20.80	\$23.34	\$19.05
Income from investment operations# –					
Net investment income	\$ 0.10	\$ 0.06	\$ 0.03	\$ 0.01	\$ 0.02
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency	2.55	(3.57)	(4.15)	(1.00)	4.52
Total from investment operations	\$ 2.65	\$ (3.51)	\$ (4.12)	\$ (0.99)	\$ 4.54
Less distributions declared to shareholders –					
From net investment income	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (0.00)*	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.04)
From net realized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions	—	—	(2.32)	(1.54)	(0.21)
In excess of net realized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions	—	—	(0.04)	—	—
Total distributions declared to shareholders	\$ (0.08)	\$ (0.03)	\$ (2.36)	\$ (1.55)	\$ (0.25)
Net asset value – end of period	\$13.35	\$10.78	\$14.32	\$20.80	\$23.34
Total return	24.71%^	(24.54)%	(21.25)%	(4.85)%	24.05%
<i>Ratios (to average net assets)</i>					
<i>Supplemental data:</i>					
Expenses##	0.88%	0.87%	0.89%	0.85%	0.86%
Net investment income	0.83%	0.52%	0.20%	0.05%	0.08%
Portfolio turnover	124%	98%	99%	93%	91%
<i>Net assets at end of period</i>					
(000 Omitted)	\$352,464	\$488,917	\$808,889	\$1,083,760	\$883,578

*Per share amount was less than \$0.01.

#Per share data are based on average shares outstanding.

##Ratios do not reflect reductions from fees paid indirectly.

^The series' total return calculation includes proceeds received on March 26, 2003 from a non-recurring litigation settlement recorded as a realized gain on investment transactions. The proceeds resulted in an increase in the net asset value of \$0.02 per share based on shares outstanding on the day the proceeds were received. Excluding the effect of this payment from the series' ending net asset value per share, total return for the year ended December 31, 2003 would have been 24.49%.

See notes to financial statements.

Financial Statements – continued

Financial Highlights – continued

Service Class shares	Year Ended December 31,			Period Ended
	2003	2002	2001	December 31, 2000*
<i>Per share data (for a share outstanding throughout each period):</i>				
Net asset value – beginning of period	<u>\$10.74</u>	<u>\$14.27</u>	<u>\$20.78</u>	<u>\$23.13</u>
Income from investment operations# –				
Net investment income (loss)	\$ 0.07	\$ 0.04	\$ 0.00**	\$ (0.03)###
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments and foreign currency	<u>2.54</u>	<u>(3.56)</u>	<u>(4.15)</u>	<u>(2.32)</u>
Total from investment operations	<u>\$ 2.61</u>	<u>\$ (3.52)</u>	<u>\$ (4.15)</u>	<u>\$ (2.35)</u>
Less distributions declared to shareholders –				
From net investment income	\$ (0.05)	\$ (0.01)	\$ —	\$ —
From net realized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions	—	—	(2.32)	—
In excess of net realized gain on investments and foreign currency transactions	<u>—</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>(0.04)</u>	<u>—</u>
Total distributions declared to shareholders	<u>\$ (0.05)</u>	<u>\$ (0.01)</u>	<u>\$ (2.36)</u>	<u>\$ —</u>
Net asset value – end of period	<u>\$13.30</u>	<u>\$10.74</u>	<u>\$14.27</u>	<u>\$20.78</u>
Total return	24.37%^	(24.72)%	(21.39)%	(4.98)%††
<i>Ratios (to average net assets)/Supplemental data:</i>				
Expenses##	1.13%	1.10%	1.09%	1.05%†
Net investment income (loss)	0.58%	0.32%	0.00%	(0.15)%†
Portfolio turnover	124%	98%	99%	93%
Net assets at end of period (000 Omitted)	\$6,693	\$6,211	\$7,601	\$3,543

*For the period from the inception of Service Class shares, May 1, 2000, through December 31, 2000.

**Per share amount was less than 0.01.

†Annualized.

††Not annualized.

#Per share data are based on average shares outstanding.

##Ratios do not reflect reductions from fees paid indirectly.

###The per share amount is not in accordance with the net investment income for the period because of the timing of sales of series shares and the amount of per share net investment income at such time.

^The series' total return calculation includes proceeds received on March 26, 2003 from a non-recurring litigation settlement recorded as a realized gain on investment transactions. The proceeds resulted in an increase in the net asset value of \$0.02 per share based on shares outstanding on the day the proceeds were received. Excluding the effect of this payment from the series' ending net asset value per share, total return for the year ended December 31, 2003 would have been 24.15%.

See notes to financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

(1) Business and Organization

MFS Research Series (the series) is a diversified series of MFS Variable Insurance Trust (the trust). The trust is organized as a Massachusetts business trust and is registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended, as an open-end management investment company. The shareholders of each series of the trust are separate accounts of insurance companies, which offer variable annuity and/or life insurance products. As of December 31, 2003, there were 111 shareholders.

(2) Significant Accounting Policies

General – The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The series can invest in foreign securities. Investments in foreign securities are vulnerable to the effects of changes in the relative values of the local currency and the U.S. dollar and to the effects of changes in each country's legal, political, and economic environment.

Investment Valuations – The series uses independent pricing services approved by the Board of Trustees wherever possible to value its portfolio securities. Portfolio securities are valued at current market prices where current market prices are readily available, or the series may fair value portfolio securities under the direction of the Board of Trustees when a determination is made that current market prices are not readily available. Equity securities in the series' portfolio for which market quotations are available are valued at the last sale or official closing price as reported by an independent pricing service on the primary market or exchange on which they are primarily traded, or at the last quoted bid price for securities in which there were no sales during the day. Equity securities traded over the counter are valued at the last sales price traded each day as reported by an independent pricing service, or to the extent there are no sales reported, such securities are valued on the basis of quotations obtained from brokers and dealers. Equity securities for which it is determined that current market prices are not readily available will be fair valued under the direction of the Board of Trustees. The series may also fair value foreign equity securities in cases where closing market prices are not readily available or are deemed not reflective of readily available market prices. For example, significant events (such as movement in the U.S. securities market, or other regional and local developments) may occur between the time that foreign markets close (where the security is principally traded) and the time that the series calculates its net asset value (generally, the close of the NYSE) that may impact the value of securities traded in these foreign markets. In these cases, the series may utilize information from an external vendor or other sources to adjust closing market prices of foreign equity securities to reflect what it believes to be the fair value of the securities as of the series' valuation time. Because the frequency of significant events is not predictable, fair valuation of foreign equity securities may occur on a frequent basis. Short-term obligations with a remaining maturity in excess of 60 days will be valued upon dealer-supplied valuations. All other short-term obligations in the series' portfolio are valued at amortized cost, which constitutes market value as determined by the Board of Trustees.

Repurchase Agreements – The series may enter into repurchase agreements with institutions that the series investment adviser has determined are creditworthy. Each repurchase agreement is recorded at cost. The series requires that the securities collateral in a repurchase transaction be transferred to the custodian in a manner sufficient to enable the series to obtain those securities in the event of a default under the repurchase agreement. The series monitors, on a daily basis, the value of the collateral to ensure that its value, including accrued interest, is greater than amounts owed to the series under each such repurchase agreement. The series, along with other affiliated entities of Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS), may utilize a joint trading account for the purpose of entering into one or more repurchase agreements.

Foreign Currency Translation – Investment valuations, other assets, and liabilities initially expressed in foreign currencies are converted each business day into U.S. dollars based upon current exchange rates. Purchases and sales of foreign investments, income, and expenses are converted into U.S. dollars based upon currency

Notes to Financial Statements – continued

exchange rates prevailing on the respective dates of such transactions. Gains and losses attributable to foreign currency exchange rates on sales of securities are recorded for financial statement purposes as net realized gains and losses on investments. Gains and losses attributable to foreign exchange rate movements on income and expenses are recorded for financial statement purposes as foreign currency transaction gains and losses. That portion of both realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments that results from fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates is not separately disclosed.

Security Loans – State Street Bank and Trust Company (“State Street”) and J.P. Morgan Chase and Co. (“Chase”), as lending agents, may loan the securities of the series to certain qualified institutions (the “Borrowers”) approved by the series. The loans are collateralized at all times by cash and/or U.S. Treasury securities in an amount at least equal to the market value of the securities loaned. State Street and Chase provides the series with indemnification against Borrower default. The series bears the risk of loss with respect to the investment of cash collateral.

Cash collateral is invested in a money market fund and/or short-term securities. A portion of the income generated upon investment of the collateral is remitted to the Borrowers, and the remainder is allocated between the series and the lending agents. On loans collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, a fee is received from the Borrower, and is allocated between the series and the lending agents. Income from securities lending is included in interest income on the Statement of Operations. The dividend and interest income earned on the securities loaned is accounted for in the same manner as other dividend and interest income.

Investment Transactions and Income – Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Interest income is recorded on the accrual basis. All premium and discount is amortized or accreted for financial statement purposes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. All discount is accreted for tax reporting purposes as required by federal income tax regulations. Dividends received in cash are recorded on the ex-dividend date.

The series was a participant in a class-action lawsuit against Cendant Corporation. On March 26, 2003 the series received a cash settlement in the amount of \$1,004,351, recorded as a realized gain on investment transactions. The proceeds from the non-recurring litigation settlement resulted in an increase in net asset value of \$0.02 per share based on the shares outstanding on the day the proceeds were received. Excluding the effect of this payment from the series’ ending net asset value per share, total return for the year ended December 31, 2003 would have been 0.22% lower per class.

Fees Paid Indirectly – The series’ custody fee is reduced according to an arrangement that measures the value of cash deposited with the custodian by the series. During the year ended December 31, 2003, the series’ custodian fees were reduced by \$5,768 under this arrangement. The series has entered into a directed brokerage agreement, under which the broker will credit the series a portion of the commissions generated, to offset certain expenses of the series. For year ended December 31, 2003, the series’ miscellaneous expenses were reduced by \$12,188 under this agreement. These amounts are shown as a reduction of total expenses on the Statement of Operations.

Tax Matters and Distributions – The series’ policy is to comply with the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) applicable to regulated investment companies and to distribute to shareholders all of its net taxable income, including any net realized gain on investments. Accordingly, no provision for federal income or excise tax is provided.

Distributions to shareholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. The series distinguishes between distributions on a tax basis and a financial reporting basis and only distributions in excess of tax basis earnings and profits are reported in the financial statements as distributions from paid-in capital. Differences in the recognition or classification of income between the financial statements and tax earnings and profits, which result in temporary over-distributions for financial statement purposes, are classified as distributions in excess of net investment income or net realized gains. Common types of book and tax differences that could occur include differences in accounting for currency transactions and capital losses.

Notes to Financial Statements – continued

The tax character of distributions declared for the years ended December 31, 2003 and December 31, 2002 was as follows:

	December 31, 2003	December 31, 2002
Distributions declared from:		
Ordinary income	<u>\$3,343,481</u>	<u>\$1,791,706</u>

During the year ended December 31, 2003, accumulated undistributed net investment income increased by \$1,293, accumulated net realized loss on investments and foreign currency transactions increased by \$7,354,671, and paid-in capital increased by \$7,353,378 due to differences between book and tax accounting for currency transactions and capital losses. This change had no effect on the net assets or net asset value per share.

As of December 31, 2003, the components of distributable earnings (accumulated losses) on a tax basis were as follows:

Undistributed ordinary income	\$ 3,788,061
Capital loss carryforward	(360,380,698)
Unrealized appreciation	18,895,164

For federal income tax purposes, the capital loss carryforward may be applied against any net taxable realized gains of each succeeding year until the earlier of its utilization or expiration on December 31, 2009, \$(197,529,485) and December 31, 2010 \$(162,851,213).

Multiple Classes of Shares of Beneficial Interest – The series offers multiple classes of shares, which differ in their respective distribution fees. All shareholders bear the common expenses of the series based on daily net assets of each class, without distinction between share classes. Dividends are declared separately for each class. Differences in per share dividend rates are generally due to differences in separate class expenses.

(3) Transactions with Affiliates

Investment Adviser – The series has an investment advisory agreement with Massachusetts Financial Services Company (MFS) to provide overall investment advisory and administrative services, and general office facilities. The management fee is computed daily and paid monthly at an annual rate of 0.75% of the series average daily net assets.

The series pays compensation of the Independent Trustees (“Trustees”) in the form of both a retainer and attendance fees, and pays no compensation directly to its Trustees who are officers of the investment adviser, or to officers of the series, all of whom receive remuneration for their services to the series from MFS. Certain officers and Trustees of the series are officers or directors of MFS, MFS Fund Distributors, Inc. (MFD), and MFS Service Center, Inc. (MFSC).

Administrator – The series has an administrative services agreement with MFS to provide the series with certain financial, legal, shareholder communications, compliance, and other administrative services. As a partial reimbursement for the cost of providing these services, the series pays MFS an administrative fee up to the following annual percentage rates of the fund’s series’ average daily net assets:

First \$2 billion	0.0175%
Next \$2.5 billion	0.0130%
Next \$2.5 billion	0.0005%
In excess of \$7 billion	0.0000%

Distributor – MFD, a wholly owned subsidiary of MFS, is the distributor of shares of the series. The Trustees have adopted a distribution plan for the Service Class shares pursuant to Rule 12b-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 as follows:

The series’ distribution plan provides that the series will pay up to 0.25% per annum of its average daily net assets attributable to Service Class shares to participating insurance companies which invest in the series to cover their marketing and distribution expenses. Fees incurred under the distribution plan during

Notes to Financial Statements – continued

the year ended December 31, 2003 were 0.25% of average daily net assets attributable to Service Class shares on an annualized basis.

Shareholder Servicing Agent – Included in shareholder servicing costs is a fee paid to MFSC, a wholly owned subsidiary of MFS, for its services as shareholder servicing agent. The fee is calculated as a percentage of the series' average daily net assets at an annual rate of 0.035%, which amounted to \$160,248 for the year ended December 31, 2003. Also included in shareholder servicing costs are out-of-pocket expenses, paid to MFSC, which amounted to \$427 for the year ended December 31, 2003, as well as other expenses paid to unaffiliated vendors.

(4) Portfolio Securities

Purchases and sales of investments, other than U.S. government securities, purchased option transactions, and short-term obligations, aggregated \$548,037,033 and \$768,023,495, respectively.

The cost and unrealized appreciation and depreciation in the value of the investments owned by the series, as computed on a federal income tax basis, are as follows:

Aggregate cost	<u>\$361,705,118</u>
Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 25,078,323
Gross unrealized depreciation	(6,185,245)
Net unrealized appreciation	<u>\$ 18,893,078</u>

(5) Shares of Beneficial Interest

The series' Declaration of Trust permits the Trustees to issue an unlimited number of full and fractional shares of beneficial interest. Transactions in series shares were as follows:

Initial Class shares

	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2003</u>		<u>Year Ended December 31, 2002</u>	
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Shares sold	2,139,614	\$ 24,919,051	4,630,045	\$ 59,783,345
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	297,424	3,319,587	133,830	1,783,722
Shares reacquired	(21,376,117)	(254,111,357)	(15,905,825)	(192,644,431)
Net decrease	<u>(18,939,079)</u>	<u>\$(225,872,719)</u>	<u>(11,141,950)</u>	<u>\$(131,077,364)</u>

Service Class shares

	<u>Year Ended December 31, 2003</u>		<u>Year Ended December 31, 2002</u>	
	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Shares</u>	<u>Amount</u>
Shares sold	363,095	\$ 4,234,539	615,604	\$ 7,005,645
Shares issued to shareholders in reinvestment of distributions	2,221	24,749	536	7,128
Shares reacquired	(440,510)	(4,854,356)	(570,335)	(6,376,263)
Net increase (decrease)	<u>(75,194)</u>	<u>\$(595,068)</u>	<u>45,805</u>	<u>\$ 636,510</u>

(6) Line of Credit

The series and other affiliated funds participate in an \$800 million unsecured line of credit provided by a syndication of banks under a line of credit agreement. Borrowings may be made for temporary financing needs. Interest is charged to each fund, based on its borrowings, at a rate equal to the bank's base rate. In addition, a commitment fee, based on the average daily-unused portion of the line of credit, is allocated among the participating funds at the end of each quarter. The commitment fee allocated to the series for the year ended December 31, 2003, was \$2,865. The series had no borrowings during the year.

Notes to Financial Statements – continued

(7) Legal Proceedings

Massachusetts Financial Services Company (“MFS”), the investment adviser to the series, has reached agreement with the Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”), the New York Attorney General (“NYAG”) and the Bureau of Securities Regulation of the State of New Hampshire (“NH”) to settle administrative proceedings alleging false and misleading information in certain MFS fund prospectuses regarding market timing and related matters. These regulators alleged that prospectus language for certain MFS funds was false and misleading because, although the prospectuses for those funds in the regulators’ view indicated that the funds prohibited market timing, MFS did not limit trading activity in 11 domestic large cap stock, high grade bond and money market funds. MFS’ former Chief Executive Officer, John W. Ballen, and former President, Kevin R. Parke, have also reached agreement with the SEC (Messrs. Ballen and Parke resigned their director and officer positions with MFS on February 13, 2004). Under the terms of the settlements, MFS and the executives neither admit nor deny wrongdoing.

Under the terms of the settlements, a \$225 million pool will be established for distribution to shareholders in certain of the MFS funds offered to retail investors (“Retail Funds”), which will be funded by MFS and of which \$50 million is characterized as a penalty. This pool will be distributed in accordance with a methodology developed by an independent distribution consultant with consultation with MFS and the Boards of Trustees of the Retail Funds, and acceptable to the SEC. MFS has further agreed with the NYAG to reduce its management fees in the aggregate amount of approximately \$25 million annually over the next five years, and not to increase certain management fees during this period. MFS will also pay an administrative fine to NH in the amount of \$1 million, which will be used for investor education purposes (NH will retain \$250,000 and \$750,000 will be contributed to the North American Securities Administrators Association’s Investor Protection Trust). In addition, MFS and the Retail Funds will adopt certain governance changes.

Messrs. Ballen and Parke have agreed to temporary suspensions from association with any registered investment company or investment adviser, will pay approximately \$315,000 each to the SEC, and resigned their positions as trustees of all MFS funds, and Mr. Ballen resigned his position as President of all MFS funds, effective February 6, 2004.

Since December 2003, MFS, Sun Life Financial Inc., various MFS funds, the Trustees of these MFS funds, and certain officers of MFS have been named as defendants in multiple lawsuits filed in federal and state courts. The lawsuits variously have been commenced as class actions or individual actions on behalf of investors who purchased, held or redeemed shares of the funds during specified periods, as class actions on behalf of participants in certain retirement plan accounts, or as derivative actions on behalf of the MFS funds. The lawsuits generally allege that some or all of the defendants permitted or acquiesced in market timing and/or late trading in some of the MFS funds, inadequately disclosed MFS’ internal policies concerning market timing and such matters, and received excessive compensation as fiduciaries to the MFS funds. The actions assert that some or all of the defendants violated the federal securities laws, including the Securities Act of 1933 and the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Investment Company Act of 1940 and the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as well as fiduciary duties and other violations of common law. The lawsuits seek unspecified compensatory damages. Insofar as any of the actions is appropriately brought derivatively on behalf of any of the MFS funds, any recovery will inure to the benefit of the funds. The defendants are reviewing the allegations of the multiple complaints and will respond appropriately. Additional lawsuits based on similar allegations may be filed in the future.

Any potential resolution of these matters may include, but not be limited to, judgments or settlements for damages against MFS, the MFS funds, or any other named defendant. As noted above, as part of the regulatory settlements, MFS will establish a restitution pool in the amount of \$225 million to compensate certain shareholders of the Retail Funds for damages that they allegedly sustained as a result of market timing or late trading in certain of the Funds. It is not clear whether the restitution pool will be sufficient to compensate shareholders for all of the damage they allegedly sustained, whether certain shareholders or

Notes to Financial Statements – continued

putative class members may have additional claims to compensation, or whether the damages that may be awarded in any of the actions will exceed the amounts available in the restitution pool. In the event the MFS funds incur any losses, costs or expenses in connection with such lawsuits, the Boards of Trustees of the affected funds may pursue claims on behalf of such funds against any party that may have liability to the funds in respect thereof.

In November 2003, the SEC and Morgan Stanley DW, Inc. (Morgan Stanley) settled an enforcement action against Morgan Stanley relating to the undisclosed receipt of fees from certain mutual fund companies in return for preferred marketing of their funds. MFS was one of the 14 fund companies reported to be on Morgan Stanley's preferred list. As a result, MFS has been under investigation by the SEC relating to its directed brokerage and revenue-sharing arrangements with various distributors of its products, including Morgan Stanley. MFS is cooperating with the SEC's investigation, which is ongoing. The outcome of this investigation is not yet determinable and may result in sanctions, compensation payments or other financial penalties.

Review of these matters by the independent Trustees of the MFS funds and their counsel is continuing. There can be no assurance that these regulatory actions and lawsuits, or the adverse publicity associated with these developments will not result in increased fund redemptions, reduced sales of fund shares, or other adverse consequences to the funds.

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Trustees of MFS Variable Insurance Trust and the Shareholders of MFS Research Series:

We have audited the accompanying statement of assets and liabilities of MFS Research Series (the Series) (one of the series constituting MFS Variable Insurance Trust), including the portfolio of investments, as of December 31, 2003, and the related statement of operations for the year then ended, the statement of changes in net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended. These financial statements and financial highlights are the responsibility of the Series' management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and financial highlights based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and financial highlights are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of December 31, 2003, by correspondence with the custodian and brokers; where replies were not received from brokers, we performed other auditing procedures. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements and financial highlights referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of MFS Research Series as of December 31, 2003, the results of its operations for the year then ended, the changes in its net assets for each of the two years in the period then ended, and the financial highlights for each of the five years in the period then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

DELOITTE & TOUCHE LLP

Boston, Massachusetts
February 12, 2004

Federal Tax Information (Unaudited)

For the year ended December 31, 2003, the amount of distributions from income eligible for the 70% dividends received deduction for corporations is 100%.

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